Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by major occupational group and major industry sector, 2010

Alaska--private industry

Occupation	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transport- ation, and utilities ⁴	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total	3,300	690	90	240	360	2,610	1,260	70	140	170	560	370	30
Management occupations	40					30					20		
Business and financial operations occupations	30					30			20				
Computer and mathematical occupations													
Architecture and engineering occupations													
Life, physical, and social science occupations	20	20	20										
Community and social services occupations	60					60					50		
Legal occupations													
Education, training, and library occupations	20					20					20		
Arts, design, entertainment, sports,													
and media occupations	80					80							
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	130					130					130		
Healthcare support occupations	110					110					100		
Protective service occupations	30					30					20		
Food preparation and serving related occupations	250					250	30				30	190	
Building and grounds cleaning													
and maintenance occupations	120					120				20	50	40	
Personal care and service occupations	80					80	30				30		
Sales and related occupations	250					240	230						
Office and administrative support occupations	320					320	180		40	20	50		
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	40	40	20										
Construction and extraction occupations	280	200	20	170		80	30		20	20			
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	370	60		20	20	310	170	40	50		20		
Production occupations	380	290		30	250	90	60						
Transportation and material moving occupations	650	50			40	600	510			50		20	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System --* United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.